

Enrollment No./Seat No.:

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**MBA INTEGRATED - SEMESTER - VI EXAMINATION - WINTER 2025**

**Subject Code: 2567103**

**Date: 15-11-2025**

**Subject Name: Corporate Laws**

**Time: 02:30 PM to 05:30 PM**

**Total Marks: 70**

**Instructions**

- 1. Attempt all questions.**
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.**
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.**
- 4. USE of SIMPLE calculators AND non-programmable scientific calculators are permitted.**

	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Q.1 (a)</b> “A company has a legal existence distinct from its members.” Explain this statement and discuss in detail the characteristics of a company under the Companies Act, 2013.	<b>07</b>
<b>(b)</b> Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association together form the constitution of a company. Elaborate on their legal significance and the circumstances under which Memorandum of Association can be altered.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.2 (a)</b> “Companies under the Companies Act, 2013 can be classified in various ways depending on ownership, liability, and control.” Discuss in detail the different types of companies recognized under the Act.	<b>07</b>
<b>(b)</b> “A prospectus is not merely an invitation to offer but a declaration to the public.” Explain this statement and discuss briefly the statutory contents covered in prospectus.	<b>07</b>
<b>OR</b>	
<b>(b)</b> Discuss the provisions related to Board Meetings, Annual General Meetings (AGM), and Extra-Ordinary General Meetings (EGM) in line with provisions given under Company Act 2013.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3 (a)</b> Who is a Director under the Companies Act, 2013? Briefly outline the key qualifications / disqualifications of directors in a company.	<b>07</b>
<b>(b)</b> “Corporate Restructuring is not a sign of weakness but a tool for competitive advantage.” Explain the concept, process, and legal provisions related to amalgamation, mergers, and takeovers under the Companies Act, 2013.	<b>07</b>
<b>OR</b>	
<b>(a)</b> Define Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and explain how CSR provisions under the Companies Act, 2013 contribute to sustainable business practices. Support your answer with examples of two Indian companies practicing CSR effectively.	<b>07</b>
<b>(b)</b> Discuss how Competition Commission of India (CCI) has made provisions to curb anti-competitive agreements and abuse of dominant position with reference to relevant examples.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4 (a)</b> What is Insider Trading? Discuss how Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) regulations safeguard investors against this unethical practice.	<b>07</b>

- (b) Give the idea about India Depository Receipts (IDRs) and Global Depository Receipts (GDRs) in the context of raising capital internationally. 07

**OR**

- (a) Explain in brief various forms of Deposits accepted by banks in India such as demand deposits, term deposits and hybrid deposits. 07

- (b) How do RBI's KYC (Know Your Customer) Guidelines ensure safety and transparency in banking operations? Explain. 07

- Q.5** (a) "The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 aims at industrial harmony through legal redressal of conflicts." Explain the concept behind evolution of the said Act and also write about its objectives. 07

- (b) "An IPO marks a company's transition from private to public ownership." Discuss this statement and explain the key legal provisions and disclosures applicable during the IPO process as per SEBI guidelines. 07

**OR**

- (a) Discuss the key provisions related to layoff, retrenchment, and closure under Industrial Dispute Act, 1947. 07

- (b) Explain the following terms: 07
- (1) Share Capital
  - (2) Share Certificate
  - (3) Dematerialization of Shares

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