

Enrollment No./Seat No.:

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Engineering - SEMESTER - VII EXAMINATION - WINTER 2025

Subject Code: 3170418

Date: 28-11-2025

Subject Name: Biomaterials

Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM

Total Marks: 70

Instructions

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

	Marks
Q.1 (a) Describe the characteristics of the nanofibrils on the outer surface of the abalone foot tissue, and how do they contribute to adhesion?	03
(b) Describe the structure of the chameleon skin, including the layers involved.	04
(c) What are the key structural components of myosin motor proteins, and how do they vary among different isoforms? Describe the formation and function of higher-order assemblies of Myosin II, emphasizing its role in cellular processes.	07
Q.2 (a) What are the applications of DNA nanotechnology, and how can it be utilized in smart therapeutics and drug delivery?	03
(b) What is the significance of Lab-on-a-chip (LOC) devices, and how do they contribute to the miniaturization and automation of assay functions?	04
(c) Can you provide examples of LOC devices used for the detection of malaria, and how do they operate?	07
OR	
(c) Explain the significance of scaffolds in tissue engineering and the purposes they serve. Why is a three-dimensional scaffold preferred over two-dimensional structures in tissue engineering?	07
Q.3 (a) How do bacterial (<i>Escherichia coli</i>) flagellar motors function in terms of propulsion, and what role does the rotation of helical filaments play in their movement?	03
(b) Explain the microstructure of spider dragline silk and how it contributes to its mechanical behavior.	04
(c) How does tissue engineering contribute to addressing ethical concerns in the meat industry, particularly in avoiding traditional slaughterhouses and minimizing animal killing?	07
OR	
(a) What is bio ink, and how is it used in the organ printing process?	03
(b) Describe the cutting mechanism and hierarchical tooth structure of the piranha	04

- (c) What are the three approaches to synthesize carbon nanotubes, and how do they differ? 07
- Q.4** (a) Describe the process of making nanofiber-based scaffolds using peptides, and what are the advantages of these scaffolds? 03
- (b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of bottom-up and top-down approaches to nanomaterial production? 04
- (c) What is the role of green synthesis in nanomaterial production, and how do plants and microbes act as bio-nanofactories? 07

OR

- (a) Why is the biological method preferred for synthesizing nanoparticles? 03
- (b) How can viral capsids be utilized in nanoparticle synthesis, and what is their resemblance to a nano container? 04
- (c) How can microscopy be used as a means of characterization of nanoparticles? 07
- Q.5** (a) What are the two primary strategies extensively utilized for the production of nanoparticles (NMs) through bacterial involvement? 03
- (b) Describe the process of electrospinning and its advantages in producing nano fibers for tissue engineering. 04
- (c) Describe the structure, properties, and degradation behavior of Polycaprolactone 07

OR

- (a) How do microalgae, both unicellular and multicellular, contribute to the biological synthesis of nanoparticles, and what applications are associated with the synthesized nanoparticles? 03
- (b) Why is hydrophilicity important in materials used for nano scaffolds in tissue engineering, and how can it be measured? 04
- (c) Explain the biosynthesis and degradation pathways of Hyaluronic Acid in the body. 07
