

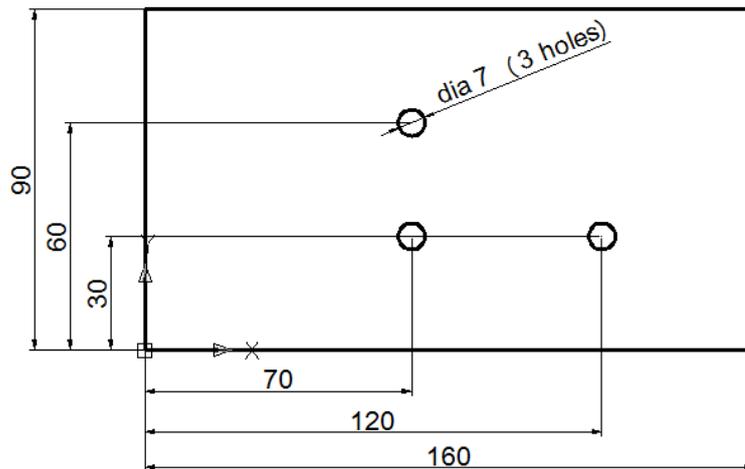
GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE - SEMESTER– VII (New) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2019****Subject Code: 2171903****Date: 03/12/2019****Subject Name: Computer Aided Manufacturing****Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Abbreviations have usual meaning.

- Q.1**
- (a) Give three points each on advantages and disadvantages of CAM. **03**
- (b) Draw the CIM wheel to understand basic functions. **04**
- (c) Explain closed-loop control system used in a CNC system with a schematic diagram (include its limitation and application). Draw a block diagram of position control loop for a closed-loop control system. **07**
- Q.2**
- (a) What is meant by the term ‘group technology’? **03**
- (b) Brief about ‘continuous path control’ used in a CNC machine tool system. **04**
- (c) Explain the ‘stick-slip phenomenon’ encountered in conventional friction guideways. How is it overcome with the use of anti-friction guideways? **07**

OR

- (c) Write an NC part program for drilling three holes in the plate shown in Figure 1. Work material is a machinable grade of aluminium 10-mm thick. Specify the cutting tool and describe your procedure for this task. Feed and cutting speed for the work material are 0.05 mm/rev and 0.37 m/sec respectively. Show interpretation of each block you write in a remark column. **07**



Dimensions in mm

Figure 1

- Q.3**
- (a) Enlist the four major components an FMS is comprised of. What is the role of humans in it? **03**
- (b) Why are various layout types in FMS made available to choose from? Enlist the types and draw schematic diagram of any one layout. **04**
- (c) Write a note on: Automated Storage and Retrieval System (AS/RS). **07**

OR

- Q.3** (a) Define PLC. Brief about the relay device components used in it. **03**

- (b) State points on 'role of management in CAM'. **04**
- (c) Explain generative type CAPP system using a block diagram. **07**
- Q.4** (a) In which two categories the actuation systems employed for robots can be distinguished? State the application area or environment in which each of these could be used. **03**
- (b) Enlist the general characteristics of a work-situation which promotes the use of robots. **04**
- (c) Describe the methods for programming robots. What are the advantages of each method? **07**
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) Explain the PLC architecture using a diagram. **03**
- (b) Brief about 'cellular manufacturing'. **04**
- (c) Provide a comprehensive list of robot specifications with regard to (a) manipulator and (b) controller. **07**
- Q.5** (a) What do you understand by MRP-II? What does the acronym ERP stand for? **03**
- (b) Draw the structure of an MRP system. **04**
- (c) Write a note on: Different types of flexibility required in an FMS. **07**
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) In block number 80 of a part program a clockwise circular interpolation is required to the target point (25.40, 12.50, --10.00) with feed rate 150 mm/min and spindle on. Write this block in fixed sequential format, tab sequential format and word address format. (Coordinates are in millimeters) **03**
- (b) Explain with reference to CNC machining: tool nose-radius compensation is a must for taper- and radius-turning, whereas it is not required while turning straight cylindrical surface. **04**
- (c) Elaborate the 'Just in Time' manufacturing philosophy along with its goals. How could these goals be achieved? **07**
