

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****BE - SEMESTER-VII (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2018****Subject Code: 2171911****Date: 15/11/2018****Subject Name: Advance Heat Transfer****Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Give some examples of conduction with internal heat generation. **03**
- (b) Explain the terms: Fin efficiency and Fin effectiveness. **04**
- (c) Discuss various regimes of pool boiling with neat sketch. **07**
- Q.2** (a) Define Biot number. State its importance in transient heat conduction analysis. **03**
- (b) What is lumped system analysis and when is it applicable? **04**
- (c) Show that maximum temperature in a plane wall with heat generation whose one face is insulated and other face kept at  $T_w$  is given by **07**

$$T_{\max} = \left( \frac{q_g}{2k} \right) l^2 + T_w$$

**OR**

- (c) Derive an expression for temperature distribution during steady state heat conduction with internal heat generation and exposed to convection environment in hollow cylinder. **07**
- Q.3** (a) Explain heat transfer from the human body. **03**
- (b) What is irregular body? How the heat transfer analysis carried out for irregular bodies. **04**
- (c) Explain radial fins of rectangular and parabolic profiles. **07**

**OR**

- Q.3** (a) Give difference between free convection and forced convection with suitable examples. **03**
- (b) Explain heat transfer in high velocity flow with neat sketch. **04**
- (c) A stainless steel wire ( $k = 19 \text{ W/mk}$ ) 3 mm in diameter and one metre long has current flowing,  $I = 200 \text{ A}$   
Resistivity,  $\rho = 70 \mu \text{ ohm/cm}$  **07**
- The wire is submerged in liquid at  $110^\circ\text{C}$  and the surface heat transfer coefficient  $h$  is  $4 \text{ kW/m}^2\text{K}$ . Calculate the central temperature of wire.
- Q.4** (a) The filament of a 60 W light bulb may be considered as black body radiating into a black enclosure at  $60^\circ\text{C}$ . The filament diameter is 0.1 mm and length 50 mm. Considering radiation determine the filament temperature. **03**
- (b) Explain difference between filmwise and dropwise condensation. **04**

- (c) A copper bus bar 25 mm diameter is cooled by air at 30 °C and flowing past the bus bar with a velocity of 3 m/s. If the surface temperature of bar is not to exceed 80 °C and the resistivity of copper is  $0.0175 \times 10^{-6}$  ohm.m<sup>3</sup>/m, calculate the following: **07**

- (a) The heat transfer coefficient from the surface of bus bar to air  
 (b) The permissible current intensity for the bus bar.

$$\text{Assume } N_u = 0.44 R_e^{0.5} \text{ for } 10 < R_e < 10^3$$

$$= 0.22 R_e^{0.6} \text{ for } 10^3 < R_e < 2 \times 10^5$$

Take thermo physical properties of air at 30 °C are:

$$k = 0.02673 \text{ W/mk}, \nu = 16 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$$

**OR**

- Q.4** (a) Differentiate boiling and condensation. **03**  
 (b) Explain turbulent film condensation. **04**  
 (c) A 10 cm diameter sphere is maintained at 120 °C. It is enclosed in a 12 cm diameter concentric spherical surface maintained at 100 °C. The space between two spheres is filled with air at 200 kPa. **07**  
 Take properties at film temperature as:

$$K_f = 0.0319 \text{ W/mk}, \mu = 2.22 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg/ms}, Pr = 0.703, \beta = \frac{1}{T_f + 273} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Use relation: } N_u = 0.228 (G_r Pr)^{0.226}$$

Calculate the convective heat transfer rate from inner sphere.

- Q.5** (a) Discuss radiation effects on temperature measurements. **03**  
 (b) Define shape factor. Discuss salient features of shape factor. **04**  
 (c) A solid steel ball 5 cm in diameter and initially at 450 °C is quenched in a controlled environment at 90 °C with convection coefficient of 115 W/m<sup>2</sup>K. Determine the time taken by centre to reach a temperature of 150 °C. Take thermophysical properties as: **07**

$$C = 420 \text{ J/kgK}, \rho = 8000 \text{ kg/m}^3, k = 46 \text{ W/mK}$$

**OR**

- Q.5** (a) Discuss radiation properties of a participating medium. **03**  
 (b) Explain in brief emissivity and absorptivity of gases and gas mixtures. **04**  
 (c) What is Beer's law? Why do surfaces absorb differently for solar or earthbound radiation? **07**

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