

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
MCA - SEMESTER-I• EXAMINATION – WINTER 2017

Subject Code: 610003**Date: 01-01-2018****Subject Name: Discrete Mathematics for Computer Science (DMCS)****Time: 10:30 am to 01:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

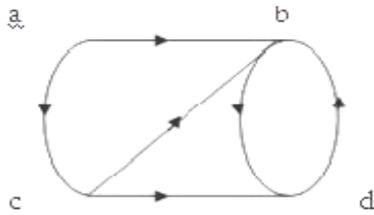
- Q.1** (a) Define: Boolean algebra. Draw Hasse diagram of (S_{30}, D) and determine all the sub Boolean of the Boolean algebra $\langle S_{30}, \wedge, \vee, ', 0, 1 \rangle$. **07**
- (b) Use Predicate, Quantifier and logical connectives, Rules of inferences, Argument forms to prove the following consequence is valid. **07**
 All athletes are healthy. All healthy people take vitamins. Grant is an athlete. Therefore Grant takes vitamin.
- Q.2** (a) Define Lower bound and greatest lower bound. Let $P = \langle \{3, 5, 9, 15, 24, 45\}, D \rangle$ be a poset. Draw the Hasse diagram. Find **07**
 i) The maximal element & minimal element.
 ii) The greatest and the least element.
 iii) The lower bounds of $\{3, 5\}$, if any & the upper bound of $\{9, 15\}$, if any.
 iv) GLB of $\{15, 45\}$ & LUB of $\{3, 9, 15\}$.
- (b) Using proof by contradiction method, prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number. **07**
- OR**
- (b) Define an equivalence relation. Prove that the relation “congruence modulo 3” given by $\equiv \{ \langle x, y \rangle / x-y \text{ is divisible by } 3 \}$ over the positive integer is an equivalence relation. **07**
- Q.3** (a) Define: Sub lattice. Verify whether the given sets are sub lattice of (S_{30}, D) or not. (i) $\{ \{1, 2, 3, 6\}, \text{GCD}, \text{LCM} \}$ (ii) $\{ \{1, 3, 6, 15\}, \text{GCD}, \text{LCM} \}$ **07**
- (b) Use the Karnaugh map representation to find a minimal sum-of-products expression of $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 1, 2, 3, 13, 15)$. **07**
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) Define complemented lattice. Which of two lattices $\langle S_n, D \rangle$ for $n=30$ and $n=45$ are complemented? Draw Hasse Diagram of these lattices. **07**
- (b) Use the Quine McClusky method to simplify the SOP expansion, $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14)$. **07**
- Q.4** (a) Define: Group and Abelian group. Show that in a group $(G, *)$, if for every $a, b \in G$, $(a * b)^2 = a^2 * b^2$, then $(G, *)$ is an Abelian group. **07**
- (b) Define :Left coset of a subgroup $\langle H, * \rangle$ in the group $\langle G, * \rangle$. Find left cosets of $\{ [0], [3] \}$ in the group $\langle \mathbb{Z}_6, +_6 \rangle$. **07**

OR

Q.4 (a) Define Cyclic group. Show that $(Z_5^*, *)$ is a cyclic group and find all the generators of $(Z_5^*, *)$. Where $Z_5^* = Z_5 - \{0\}$ **07**

(b) Show that the symmetric set (S_3, o) is a group. Is it abelian? Justify. **07**

Q.5 (a) Define Nodebase. Find Nodebase of the following digraph. **07**



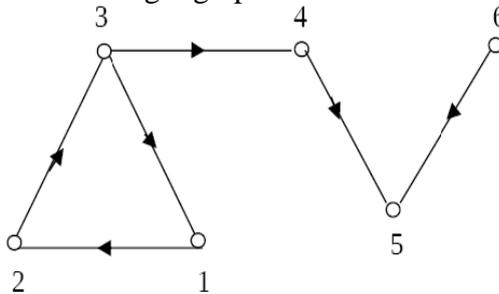
(b) Define adjacency matrix. Draw di-graph of given adjacency matrix. Find in-degree & out-degree of each vertex from the given adjacency matrix. **07**

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

OR

Q.5 (a) Define: Strong component, Unilateral component and weak component of the digraph. **07**

Determine Strong component, Unilateral component and weak component of the following digraph.



(b) Define tree. Give three different representation of the given tree. **07**
 $(v_0(v_1(v_2(v_3)(v_4))(v_5(v_6)(v_7)(v_8)(v_9))(v_{10}(v_{11})(v_{12})))$
