

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**BE - SEMESTER-VI EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2025**

**Subject Code:3163209**

**Date:02-06-2025**

**Subject Name: Data Mining and Business Intelligence**

**Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM**

**Total Marks:70**

**Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		MARKS										
<b>Q.1</b>	(a) Define: Data Mart & Business Intelligence.	<b>03</b>										
	(b) Perform feature wise comparison between OLAP & OLTP.	<b>04</b>										
	(c) Draw and explain typical data mining architecture in detail with suitable diagram.	<b>07</b>										
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) State the benefits of integrating Business intelligence with Data Warehousing.	<b>03</b>										
	(b) State various data repositories on which data can be performed. Explain any one with example.	<b>04</b>										
	(c) Explain three architecture of data warehouse with the help of neat diagram.	<b>07</b>										
<b>OR</b>												
<b>Q.3</b>	(c) Explain major issues in data mining.	<b>07</b>										
	(a) Define Support & Confidence.	<b>03</b>										
	(b) Explain nominal and ordinal attribute types with suitable example.	<b>04</b>										
<b>Q.3</b>	(c) Explain Bayesian classification with suitable example.	<b>07</b>										
	<b>OR</b>											
	(a) Define: Information gain and Tree Pruning.	<b>03</b>										
<b>Q.3</b>	(b) What is a decision tree algorithm, and how does it work?	<b>04</b>										
	(c) Find frequent itemset and generate strong association rules using Apriori algorithm for give transactional database. Consider minimum support = 2 is the occurrence of the items in the transactional datasets and minimum confidence is 75%.	<b>07</b>										
<table border="1" style="margin: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 5px;">TID</th> <th style="padding: 5px;">List of Items</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">T1</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">A, C, D</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">T2</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">B, C, E</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">T3</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">A, B, C, E</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">T4</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">B, E</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			TID	List of Items	T1	A, C, D	T2	B, C, E	T3	A, B, C, E	T4	B, E
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<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Explain ETL process with suitable diagram.	<b>03</b>										
	(b) Define clustering. What are the typical requirements of clustering in data mining.	<b>04</b>										
	(c) Suppose that the data for analysis includes the attribute Marks as: 8, 10, 15 20. Use min-max normalization to transform the values for Marks onto the range [0:1].	<b>07</b>										

**OR**

- Q.4** (a) State various data transformation methods. Explain any one in detail. **03**
- (b) Two stocks A & B having values in one week as: - **04**  
(2,5), (3,8), (5,10), (4,11), (6,14).  
If the stocks are affected by same industry trends; will their prices rise together or falls together. Prove using covariance analysis.
- (c) Suppose we want to investigate the relationship between the number of hours studied and the score obtained in a test. We collect data from 9 students and obtain the following results: **07**

Hours Studied	Score
2	50
3	60
4	70
5	75
6	80
7	85
8	90
9	95
10	100

Solve above data using linear regression to find the value of R-squared metric.

- Q.5** (a) What is Neural Network. State their types. **03**
- (b) Compare hierarchical and partitioning clustering. **04**
- (c) Draw & explain HDFS architecture with suitable example. **07**

**OR**

- Q.5** (a) Explain data mining application fraud detection with example. **03**
- (b) What is Big data. State applications of big data. **04**
- (c) Describe Hadoop architecture with suitable diagram. **07**

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