

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**MBA SEMESTER- III - EXAMINATION-SUMMER-2024**

**Subject Code: 4539282****Date: 26/04/2024****Subject Name: Behavioural Finance****Time: 02:30 PM TO 05:30 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Use of simple calculators and non-programmable scientific calculators are permitted.

Q. No.	(2*7=14)	Marks
Q.1	(a) Behaviour (b) Cognitive Dissonance (c) Emotions (d) Bounded Rationality (e) Anomalies (f) Prospect theory (g) Heuristics	14
Q.2	(a) Behavioral finance often challenges the traditional efficient market hypothesis (EMH). Explain the EMH and provide examples of how behavioral biases can lead to market inefficiencies. (b) Do you think Market Bubble does have impact on global economy?	07 07
<b>OR</b>		
Q.3	(b) Describe how the "herding behavior" of investors can contribute to market bubbles and crashes. Provide real-world examples. (a) Explain the concept of "anchoring" in the context of behavioral finance. Provide an example of how anchoring can impact investment decisions. (b) Distinguish between fundamental & calendar anomalies by giving practical examples	07 07 07
<b>OR</b>		
Q.3	(a) What is the Role of neural functions during financial decision making process? (b) Distinguish between Framing Bias and Mental Accounting.	07 07
Q.4	(a) Critically evaluate the tools of Neurofinance that helped in financial decision making. (b) Mr. Pankaj is selecting the stocks for investment of Ten lakh rupees. Suggest him some ways to avoid the biases in his decision making.	07 07
<b>OR</b>		
Q.4	(a) Differentiate cognitive and emotional bias. Explain some the important emotional biases in detail (b) What is Forensic Accounting? Explain the various tools of applied in Forensic Accounting.	07 07

**Q.5** Mrs. Asha is a married, home maker, forty year old. Her primary investment goal is to get regular Income from her Investments and assets; she does not, under any circumstances, want to lose money. Mrs. Asha exhibits these behavioral biases: • loss aversion (the tendency to feel the pain of losses more than the pleasure of gain), • anchoring and adjustment (the tendency to believe that current market levels are “right” by unevenly weighting recent experience), and • selective memory (the tendency to recall only events consistent with one are understanding of the past).

- (a) What effect do a client’s biases have on the asset allocation decision? **07**
- (b) Should you moderate or adapt to these biases? **07**

**OR**

**Q.5** Sarah is a 35-year-old professional with a stable job and a strong desire to build wealth for her retirement. She started investing in the stock market five years ago with the goal of achieving long-term financial security. Sarah's portfolio consists of a mix of stocks, bonds, and mutual funds.

- (a) Evaluate her behavior in context of Overconfidence Bias, anchoring and adjustment, loss aversion bias? **07**
- (b) How does behavior impact finance decision? **07**

\*\*\*\*\*