

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**BE - SEMESTER– IV(NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2023**

**Subject Code:2140603****Date:19-07-2023****Subject Name:Structural Analysis-I****Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks:70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		MARKS
<b>Q.1</b>	(a) Differentiate Real Beam and Conjugate Beam.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Write advantages and disadvantages of indeterminate structures over determinate structures.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Analyse the frame as shown in fig.-1 and draw AFD, SFD and BMD.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) Explain Maxwell's reciprocal theorem.	<b>03</b>
	(b) A cantilever beam of span 4m is subjected to a UDL of 20 kN/m over entire span. Calculate deflection at free end by Macaulay's method.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Find slope and deflection at free end C for a cantilever beam as shown in fig.-2 by conjugate beam method.	<b>07</b>
<b>OR</b>		
	(c) Find slope at A and deflection at C for a simply supported beam AB as shown in fig.-3 by any method. Take EI to be constant.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Explain SI and KI with illustration.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Derive the formula to find dimension of the core for a hollow circular section.	<b>04</b>
	(c) A short column has a hollow square section. The external dimensions are 500 mm x 500mm and thickness of section is 100mm. A load of 1500 kN is acting on X axis at an eccentricity of 100mm from center. Find maximum and minimum stress intensities and draw stress distribution diagram.	<b>07</b>
<b>OR</b>		
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Explain theorems of moment area method.	<b>03</b>
	(b) A hollow cast iron column of 250mm external diameter and 150mm internal diameter is 4m long. Find Euler's crippling load if both the ends are hinged. Take E=120GPa.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Derive Euler's formula for crippling load for a column having one end fixed and other end free.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Describe types of arches.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain actual arch and linear arch.	<b>04</b>
	(c) A three hinged parabolic arch has a span of 25m and a central rise of 4m. It carries a point load of 70 kN at 10m horizontally from left end hinge. Calculate normal thrust, shear force and B.M under the load. Also draw BMD.	<b>07</b>
<b>OR</b>		
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Write assumptions made in the Euler's column theory.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain how reactions are found out on a guide pulley support and saddle on roller support for suspension cable.	<b>04</b>

**Q.4 (c)** A cylindrical vessel closed with plane ends is made of a 5mm thick steel plate. Its external diameter is 350mm and its length is 900mm. It is subjected to an internal fluid pressure of 3 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Calculate the longitudinal and hoop stresses in the shell plate. Also calculate the change in diameter, length and volume of the cylinder. Take  $E=2 \times 10^5$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>, and Poission's ratio = 0.3. **07**

**Q.5 (a)** A thin spherical shell having 800 mm diameter is subjected to an internal pressure of 2.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Find the thickness of plate needed if permissible tensile stress is 100 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Take efficiency of joint to be 80%. **03**

**(b)** A propped cantilever beam of 5m span is fixed at A and roller supported at B. It is acted upon by a point load of 70 kN at 2m from A. Analyse the beam by consistent deformation method. Take  $EI =$  constant. **04**

**(c)** Analyse the fixed beam as shown in fig.4 and draw SFD and BMD. **07**

**OR**

**Q.5 (a)** Define resilience, proof resilience and modulus of resilience. **03**

**(b)** Derive expression for strain energy stored in a body when the load is applied with impact. **04**

**(c)** A simply supported beam AB of span 10m is acted upon by a UDL of 30 kN/m over entire span. Find strain energy stored in the beam. Take  $I = 10^6$  mm<sup>4</sup> and  $E=200$ GPa. **07**

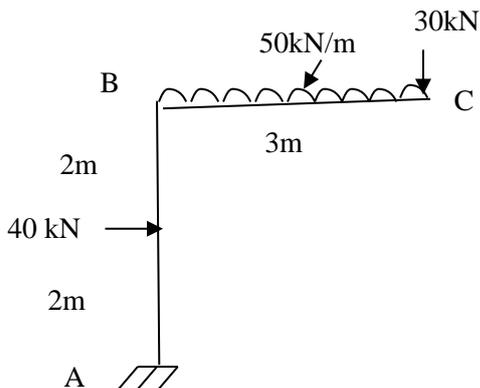


Fig.-1

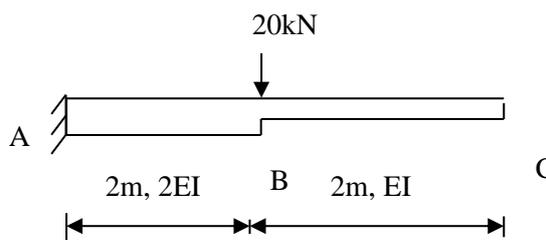


Fig.-2

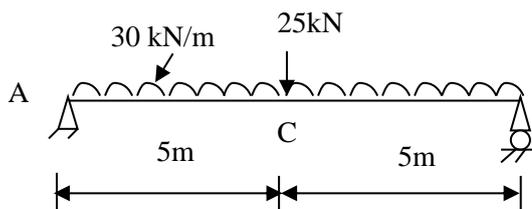


Fig.-3

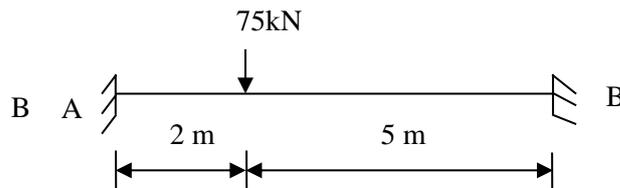


Fig.-4

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