

Seat No.: _____

Enrolment No. _____

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-VII (NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2021

Subject Code:2170102

Date:04/08/2021

Subject Name:Theory of Heat Transfer

Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM

Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Tables for properties of air and water are permitted.

- Q.1** (a) What is thermal contact resistance? Upon what parameters does this resistance depend? **03**
- (b) Define extended surfaces with neat sketch? **04**
- (c) A wall 30 cm thick has size 5 m × 3 m made of red bricks ($k = 0.35$ W/m.K). It is covered on both sides by the layers of plaster 2 cm thick ($k = 0.6$ W/m.K). The wall has a window of size 1 m × 2 m. The window door is made of glass, 12 mm thick having thermal conductivity 1.2 W/m.K. Estimate the rate of heat flow through the wall. Inner and outer surface temperatures are 10°C and 40°C, respectively. **07**

- Q.2** (a) What do you mean by transient analysis? Define Biot Number? **03**
- (b) Define critical thickness? Explain critical radius for cylinder? **04**
- (c) Derive equations of temperature distribution and heat dissipation for Fin insulated at tip. **07**

OR

- (c) Using dimensional analysis, obtain a general form of equation for forced Convective heat transfer **07**
- Q.3** (a) Write temperature profile equation and heat transfer from fin for **03**
- 1) Infinte long fin
 - 2) Tip insulated fin
 - 3) Tip non insulated fin
- (b) What is lumped system analysis? What are the assumptions and when is it applicable? **04**
- (c) Estimate the heat transfer rate from a 100 W incandescent bulb at 140°C to an ambient at 24°C. Approximate the bulb as 60 cm diameter sphere. Calculate the percentage of power lost by natural convection. Use following correlation and air properties ; **07**
- $Nu = 0.60 (Gr.Pr)^{1/4}$

The properties of air at 82°C are: $\nu = 21.46 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$, $K_f = 30.38 \times 10^{-3} \text{ W/m.K}$, $Pr = 0.699$.

OR

- Q.3** (a) Define Nusselt Number. Explain its significance in convection heat transfer. **03**
(b) What do you mean by Dimensional analysis? What are the assumptions used in it? **04**
(c) Explain the Reynolds-Colburn analogy for laminar flow over a flat plate. **07**
- Q.4** (a) Define heat exchanger? Classify heat exchanger in detail? **03**
(b) Explain Film-wise and drop-wise condensation with neat sketch? **04**
(c) Derive an expression for log mean temperature difference of parallel flow heat exchanger **07**

OR

- Q.4** (a) Explain the following terms with reference to heat exchanger : **03**
(i) NTU (ii) Effectiveness
(b) Explain correction factor for multi-pass arrangement heat exchanger? Also define fouling factor? **04**
(c) State & explain Kirchhoff's identity. What are conditions under which it is applicable **07**
- Q.5** (a) State & explain Lambert's cosine law. **03**
(b) What are the radiation space and surface resistances? How are they expressed? For what kind of surface, the radiation surface resistance is zero? **04**
(c) Define total emissive power (E_b) and intensity of radiation (I_b). Show that $E_b = \pi \times I_b$ **07**

OR

- Q.5** (a) Explain the following : **03**
(i) Grey Body
(ii) Spectral Intensity of Radiation
(iii) Black body
(b) Explain the following terms: **04**
(i) Radiation shield (ii) Radiation geometrical factor.
(c) Derive an expression for rate of radiation exchange, when a radiation shield is inserted between two large parallel plates. **07**
